## SPECIFICATION FOR LCD MODULE

MODULE NO.: XT320444PA DOC.REVISION :V00

	SIGNATURE	DATE
PREPARED BY	Tina	2010-03-11
CHECKED BY		
ADDDOVED DV		

**Customer Approval:** 

## **DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY**

Version	DATE	DESCRIPTION	CHANGED BY
V00	<b>DATE</b> 2010-03-11	<b>DESCRIPTION</b> New design	Tina

CONTENTS	PGGE
1. Features & Mechanical specifications	1
2. Dimensional Outline	2
3. Block Diagram	3
4. Pin Description	4~5
5. Absolute Maximum Ratings	5
6. Electrical Characteristics	5
7. Backlight Specification	5
8. Electro-Optical Characteristics	6~7
9. Instruction Description	8
10. AC Characteristics	8
11. Quality Specification	9~17

## 1. <u>Features & Mechanical Specifications</u>

Item	Contents LCD	Unit
LCD Type	TFT Transmissive Normal White	
Viewing direction	12:00	
Backlight	White LED x4 in Parallel	
Interface	16bit parallel bus interface	
Driver IC	ILI9327	
<b>Outline Dimension</b>	$47.8(W) \times 80.7(H) \times 2.35(T)$	mm
Glass area (W×H×T)	44.9 ×76.74× 0.6	mm
Active area (W×H)	41.76×69.6	mm
Number of Dots	240(RGB) × 400	
Pixel pitch (W×H)	$0.153 \times 0.153$	mm
<b>Operating Temperature</b>	-20 ∼ +70	$^{\circ}$
Storage temperature	-30 ∼ +80	$^{\circ}$

## 2. <u>Dimensional Outline</u>

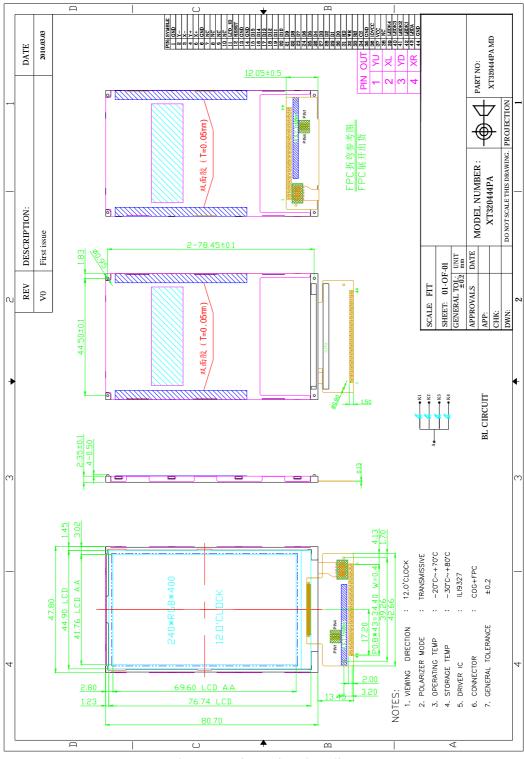


Figure 1. Dimensional outline

## 3. Block Diagram

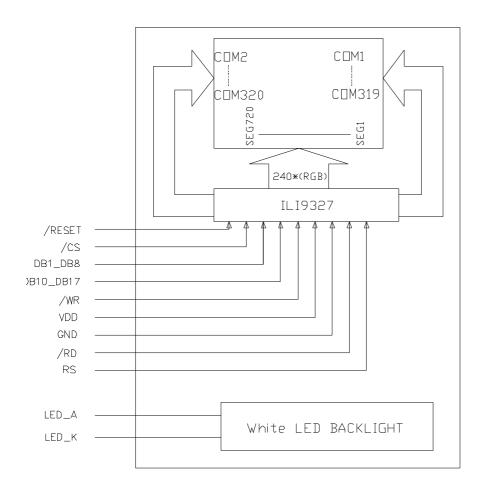


Figure 2. Block diagram

## 4. Pin Description

PIN No.	SYMBOL	Function		
1	GND	Ground		
2	Y-			
3	X-	Touch and conditional air		
4	Y+	Touch panel contrl signal pin		
5	X+			
6	GND	Ground		
7	NC			
8	NC	NC		
9	NC	NC		
10	NC			
11	LCD_ID	LCD identify pin		
12	/RESET	Reset Signal pin ("Low" is enable)		
13	DB9			
14	DB0			
15	DB17			
16	DB16			
17	DB15			
18	DB14			
19	DB13			
20	DB12			
21	DB11	Data bus		
22	DB8	Data das		
23	DB7			
24	DB6			
25	DB5			
26	DB4			
27	DB3			
28	DB2			
29	DB1			
30	DB0			
31	/RD	Read signal input pin. (Active Low)		
32	/WR	Write signal input pin. (Active Low)		

33	RS	Data or command select pin. "H": Date, "L": Command.		
34	/CS	Chip Select input pin. (Active Low)		
35	GND	Ground		
36	IOVCC	Power supply for I/O circuit		
37	VCC	Power supply for LCD		
38	VCC	1 Ower suppry for LCD		
39	LEDK4	Backlight LED Cathode.		
40	LEDK3	Backlight LED Cathode.		
41	LEDK2	Backlight LED Cathode.		
42	LEDK1	Backlight LED Cathode.		
43	LEDA	Backlight LED Anode.		
44	GND	Ground		

## **5. Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Item	Symbol			Unit	
	J. J	MIN.	TYP.	MAX	
Supply Voltage range	VDD	-0.3	-	VDD+0.3	V
Downer cumply for cote drive	VGH	10		VDD+0.3	V
Power supply for gate drive	VGL	-16.5		-4.0	V
TFT Common Voltage	VcomH	0	-	3.95	V
11'1 Common vonage	VcomL	-1	-	0.5	V
Operating Temperature range	Тор	-20	-	+70	${\mathbb C}$
Storage Temperature range	Тѕт	-30	-	+80	$^{\circ}$

## **6. Electrical Characteristics**

#### **DC** Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Min.	Type.	Max.	Unit
Logic Supply Voltage	VDD	2.8	-	3.3	V
I/O Supply Voltage	IOVCC	1.65	-	3.0	V

## 7. Backlight Characteristics

White LED  $\times$  4 in parallel

 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$ 

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Forward Voltage	VF	IF=80mA	ı	3.2	-	V
Uniformity	△Bp	-	80	-	-	%
Luminance for LCD	Lv	IF=80mA	3000	3500	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>

8. Electro-Optical Characteristics
Using LC+ Normal Polarizer+Corresponding Backlight, reference only (Note 1,Note 2)

Item		Symbol	Conditions	Spe	ecificati	ons	Unit	Note	
item		Gylfibol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Transmittance		Т%			4.7		%		
Contrast Ratio	0	CR		150	250	-	-		
Dooponoo Tin	20	T <sub>R</sub>		NA	10	20	ms	All left side data	
Response Tin	ile	T <sub>F</sub>		NA	20	30	ms	are based on	
	Dad	$X_R$		0.603	0.633	0.663		CMO's following	
	Red	$Y_R$	Viewing nermal angle	0.299	0.329	0.359		condition –	
	0	X <sub>G</sub>	Viewing normal angle $\theta_X = \theta_Y = 0^\circ$	0.264	0.294	0.324		Type 767	
Chromoticity	Green	Y <sub>G</sub>		0.546	0.576	0.606		NTSC: 60%	
Chromaticity	Divis	X <sub>B</sub>		0.103	0.133	0.163		LC:5066 Light : C light	
	Blue	Y <sub>B</sub>		0.092	0.122	0.152		(Machine:BM5A)	
	\A/laita	Xw		0.278	0.308	0.338		Normal Polarizer	
	White	Yw		0.316	0.346	0.376		Without DBEF	
	Llas	$\theta_{X^+}$			45	-			
Viewing	Hor.	θ <sub>x-</sub>	Center		45		dea		
Angle	Vor	$\theta_{Y^+}$	CR≥10 35	35	-	deg.			
	Ver.	θ <sub>Υ-</sub>			15	-			

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = L63 / L0

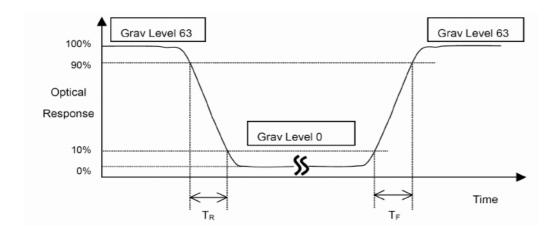
L63: Luminance of gray level 63

L0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR(10)

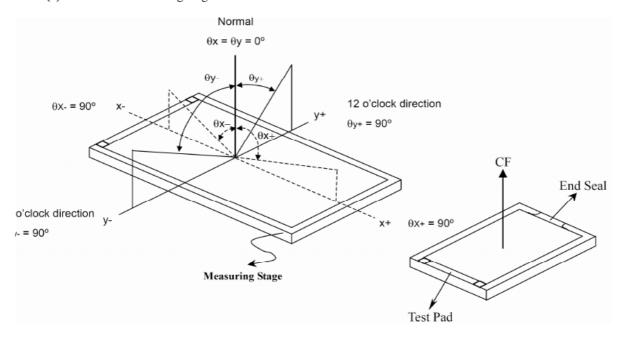
CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

<sup>\*</sup>Note (2) Definition of Response Time (TR, TF):



<sup>\*</sup>Note (1) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

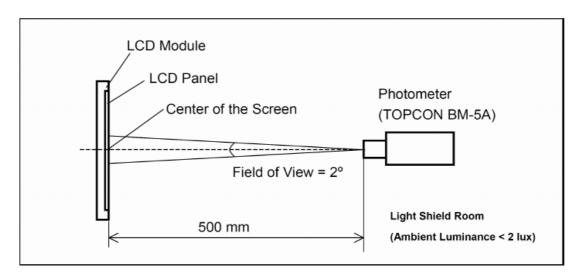
\*Note(3) Definition of Viewing Angle



\*\*\* The above "Viewing Angle" is the measuring position with Largest Contrast Ratio; not for good image quality. View Direction for good image quality is 6 O'clock. Module maker can increase the "Viewing Angle" by applying Wide View Film.

#### \*Note (4) Measurement Set-Up:

The LCD module should be stabilized at a given temperature for 20 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 20 minutes in a windless room.



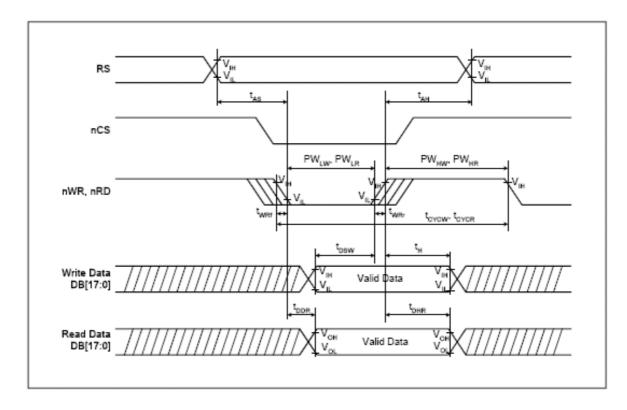
# 9. Instruction Description Please refer to ILI9327 datasheet

## 10. AC Characteristics

#### **8080-series MCU interface Timing Characteristics**

Normal Write Mode (IOVCC = 1.65~3.3V, VCC=2.4~3.3V)

	Item	Symbol	Unit	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Test Condition
Bus cycle time	Write	toyow	ns	100	-	-	-
	Read	toyon	ns	300	-	-	-
Write low-level pu	lse width	PWLW	ns	50	-	500	-
Write high-level p	ulse width	PW <sub>HW</sub>	ns	50	-	-	-
Read low-level pu	lse width	PW <sub>LR</sub>	ns	150	-	-	-
Read high-level po	PW <sub>HR</sub>	ns	150	-	-		
Write / Read rise /	fall time	twe/twer	ns	-	-	25	
Satura tima	Write ( RS to nCS, E/nWR )			10	-	-	
Setup time	Read (RS to nCS, RW/nRD)	tas	ns	5	-	-	
Address hold time	•	tah	ns	5	-	-	
Write data set up time		tosw	ns	10	-	-	
Write data hold time		tн	ns	15	-	-	
Read data delay ti	me	toor	ns	-	-	100	
Read data hold tin	ne	tohr	ns	5	-	-	



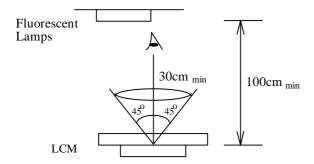
## **11.Quality Specifications**

All The raw material are Rohs complicant.

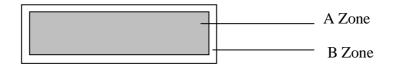
#### 11.1 Standard of the product appearance test

Manner of appearance test: The inspection should be performed in using 20W x 2 fluorescent lamps. Distance between LCM and fluorescent lamps should be 100 cm or more. Distance between LCM and inspector eyes should be 30 cm or more.

Viewing direction for inspection is 45° from vertical against LCM.



Definition of zone:



A Zone: viewing area

B Zone: outside viewing area

### 11.2 Specification of quality assurance

AQL inspection standard

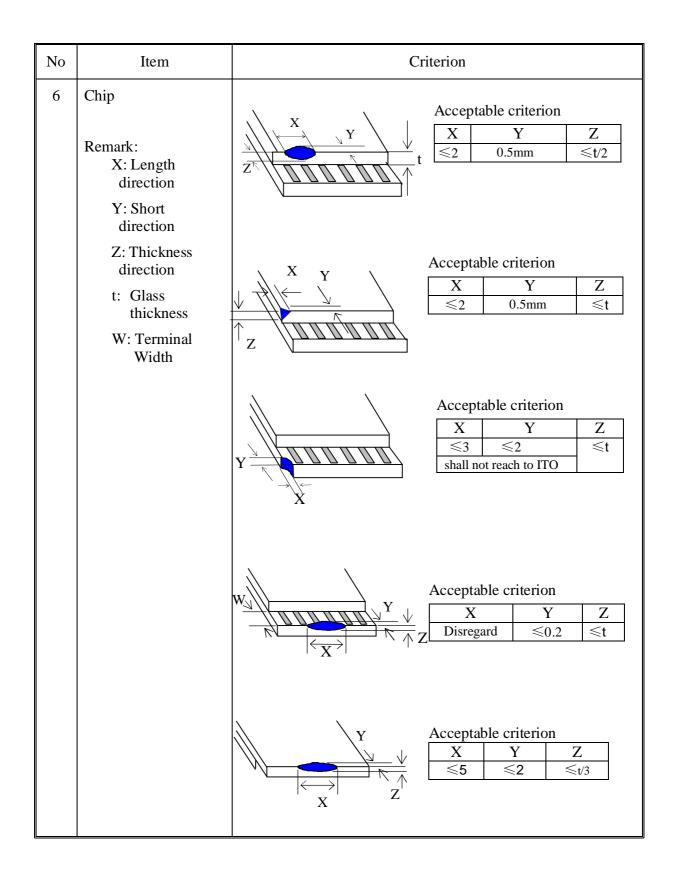
Sampling method: MIL-STD-105E, Level II, single sampling

**Defect classification (Note: \* is not including)** 

Classify		Item	Note	AQL
Major	Display state	Short or open circuit		0.65
		LC leakage		
		Flickering	1	
		No display		
		Wrong viewing direction		
		Contrast defect (dim, ghost)	2	
		Back-light	1,8	
	Non-display	Flat cable or pin reverse	10	
		Wrong or missing component	11	
Minor	Display state	Background color deviation	2	1.0
		Black spot and dust	3	
		Line defect, Scratch	4	
		Rainbow	5	
		Chip	6	
		Pin hole	7	
	Polarizer	Protruded	12	
		Bubble and foreign material	3	
	Soldering	Poor connection	9	
	Wire	Poor connection	10	
	TAB	Position, Bonding strength	13	

#### Note on defect classification

No.	Item	Criterion					
1	Short or open circuit	Not allow					
	LC leakage						
	Flickering						
	No display						
	Wrong viewing direction						
	Wrong Back-light						
2	Contrast defect	Refer to approval sample				nple	
	Background color deviation						
3	Point defect, Black spot, dust (including Polarizer)	↓Ŷ			Point Size	Acceptable Qty.	
		$ \widetilde{\mathbf{X}} $			φ <u>&lt;</u> 0.10	Disregard	
				0	0.10<φ≤0.20	2 (距离大于 5mm)	
	$\phi = (X+Y)/2$			0	0.20<∮≤0.25	1	
					φ>0.25	0	
		Unit: mm					
4	Line defect, Scratch	$\longrightarrow \longrightarrow W$			Line	Acceptable Qty.	
	Scratch	<b>I</b>	L		W 0.015≥W	Disregard	
		L	3.0≥ 2.0≥	≥L	0.03≥W 0.05≥W	2	
			1.0>		0.05> W	1	
					0.05 <w< td=""><td>Applied as point defect</td></w<>	Applied as point defect	
				Uni	it: mm		
5	Rainbow	Not more than two color changes across the viewing area.					



No.	Item	Criterion					
7	Segment pattern $W = Segment \ width$ $\phi = (X+Y)/2$	(1) Pin hole  φ < 0.10mm is acceptable.  X					
		Point Size Acceptable Qty  φ≤1/4W Disregard					
		$\rightarrow /$ $\downarrow \leftarrow$ $\downarrow \phi > 1/2W$ 0					
		Unit: mm					
8	Back-light	(1) The color of backlight should correspond its specification.					
		(2) Not allow flickering					
9	Soldering	(1) Not allow heavy dirty and solder ball on PCB.					
		(The size of dirty refer to point and dust defect)					
		(2) Over 50% of lead should be soldered on Land.					
		Lead  Land  50% lead					
10	Wire	(1) Copper wire should not be rusted					
		(2) Not allow crack on copper wire connection.					
		(3) Not allow reversing the position of the flat cable.					
		(4) Not allow exposed copper wire inside the flat cable.					
11*	PCB	(1) Not allow screw rust or damage.					
		(2) Not allow missing or wrong putting of component.					

No	Item	Criterion		
12	Protruded W: Terminal Width	Acceptable criteria: $Y \le 0.4$		
13	ТАВ	1. Position $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
		2 FPC bonding strength test  FPC  P (=F/FPC bonding width) ≥650gf/cm ,(speed rate: 1mm/min) 5pcs per SOA (shipment)		
14	Total no. of acceptable Defect	A. Zone  Maximum 2 minor non-conformities per one unit.  Defect distance: each point to be separated over 10mm  B. Zone  It is acceptable when it is no trouble for quality and assembly in customer's end product.		

#### 11.3 Reliability of LCM

Reliability test condition:

Item	Condition	Time (hrs)	Assessment
High temp. Storage	80°C	48	
High temp. Operating	70°C	48	
Low temp. Storage	-30°C	48	No abnormalities
Low temp. Operating	-20°C	48	in functions
Humidity	60°C/ 90%RH	48	and appearance
Temp. Cycle	-30°C ← 25°C →80°C	10cycles	
	$(60 \min \leftarrow 5 \min \rightarrow 60 \min)$		

Recovery time should be 24 hours minimum. Moreover, functions, performance and appearance shall be free from remarkable deterioration within 50,000 hours under ordinary operating and storage conditions room temperature ( $20\pm8^{\circ}$ C), normal humidity (below 65% RH), and in the area not exposed to direct sun light.

#### 11.4 Precaution for using LCD/LCM

LCD/LCM is assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision. Do not attempt to make any alteration or modification. The followings should be noted.

#### **General Precautions:**

- 1. LCD panel is made of glass. Avoid excessive mechanical shock or applying strong pressure onto the surface of display area.
- 2. The polarizer used on the display surface is easily scratched and damaged. Extreme care should be taken when handling. To clean dust or dirt off the display surface, wipe gently with cotton, or other soft material soaked with isoproply alcohol, ethyl alcohol or trichlorotriflorothane, do not use water, ketone or aromatics and never scrub hard.
- 3. Do not tamper in any way with the tabs on the metal frame.
- 4. Do not made any modification on the PCB without consulting SUNYEE.
- 5. When mounting a LCM, make sure that the PCB is not under any stress such as bending or twisting. Elastomer contacts are very delicate and missing pixels could result from slight dislocation of any of the elements.
- 6. Avoid pressing on the metal bezel, otherwise the elastomer connector could be deformed and lose contact, resulting in missing pixels and also cause rainbow on the display.
- 7. Be careful not to touch or swallow liquid crystal that might leak from a damaged cell. Any liquid crystal adheres to skin or clothes, wash it off immediately with soap and water.

#### **Static Electricity Precautions:**

- 1. CMOS-LSI is used for the module circuit; therefore operators should be grounded whenever he/she comes into contact with the module.
- 2. Do not touch any of the conductive parts such as the LSI pads; the copper leads on the PCB and the interface terminals with any parts of the human body.
- 3. Do not touch the connection terminals of the display with bare hand; it will cause disconnection or defective insulation of terminals.
- 4. The modules should be kept in anti-static bags or other containers resistant to static for storage.
- 5. Only properly grounded soldering irons should be used.
- 6. If an electric screwdriver is used, it should be grounded and shielded to prevent sparks.
- 7. The normal static prevention measures should be observed for work clothes and working benches.
- 8. Since dry air is inductive to static, a relative humidity of 50-60% is recommended.

#### **Soldering Precautions:**

- 1. Soldering should be performed only on the I/O terminals.
- 2. Use soldering irons with proper grounding and no leakage.
- 3. Soldering temperature: 280°C+10°C
- 4. Soldering time: 3 to 4 second.
- 5. Use eutectic solder with resin flux filling.
- 6. If flux is used, the LCD surface should be protected to avoid spattering flux.
- 7. Flux residue should be removed.

#### **Operation Precautions:**

- 1. The viewing angle can be adjusted by varying the LCD driving voltage Vo.
- 2. Since applied DC voltage causes electro-chemical reactions, which deteriorate the display, the applied pulse waveform should be a symmetric waveform such that no DC component remains. Be sure to use the specified operating voltage.
- 3. Driving voltage should be kept within specified range; excess voltage will shorten display life.
- 4. Response time increases with decrease in temperature.
- 5. Display color may be affected at temperatures above its operational range.
- 6. Keep the temperature within the specified range usage and storage. Excessive temperature and humidity could cause polarization degradation, polarizer peel-off or generate bubbles.
- 7. For long-term storage over 40°C is required, the relative humidity should be kept below 60%, and avoid direct sunlight.

#### **Limited Warranty**

SUNYEE LCDs and modules are not consumer products, but may be incorporated by SUNYEE's customers into consumer products or components thereof, SUNYEE does not warrant that its LCDs and components are fit for any such particular purpose.

- 1. The liability of SUNYEE is limited to repair or replacement on the terms set forth below. SUNYEE will not be responsible for any subsequent or consequential events or injury or damage to any personnel or user including third party personnel and/or user. Unless otherwise agreed in writing between SUNYEE and the customer, SUNYEE will only replace or repair any of its LCD which is found defective electrically or visually when inspected in accordance with SUNYEE general LCD inspection standard. (Copies available on request)
- 2. No warranty can be granted if any of the precautions state in handling liquid crystal display above has been disregarded. Broken glass, scratches on polarizer mechanical damages as well as defects that are caused accelerated environment tests are excluded from warranty.
- 3. In returning the LCD/LCM, they must be properly packaged; there should be detailed description of the failures or defect.