

XBotMicro for Arduino

XBotMicro swiss design is a small, low power robot base, with all what you need to test sensors and behaviours and learn a lot about C programming and robots. During software development, it is powered by the microcontroller card 5V, 100mA. Autonomous operations are powered by its included rechargeble battery 3.2 to 3.7V.

What you get

A nice box that includes a fully tested robot base with LiPo battery, wiskers, plus spacers and specially made short connecting wires and two longer ones.

The XBot is powered by a 250mAh LiPo battery that will provide 4 hours of autonomy if you do not add power hungry old fashioned sensors. The switch on the right side powers the board at 3.7V. The switch on the left side power the motors.

Switch the power on and look at the two LEDs next to the switch.

If the voltage is higher than 3.7V, they are both on. If the voltage is lower than 3.2V, only one is on and it is time to recharge the LiPo.







Depress the wiskers, the LEDs are lit when the corresponding microswitch is on.

On the two rear pins, you get the status for the Right and Left wiskers, "HIGH" when the wisker is not pushed, "LOW" when pushed.

XBotMicro can move by itself

The motors are powered trough the switch at rear left. Four lines control the two motors, and you can immediately check their function.

Use a wire to connect the + (HIGH) to one of the 4 motor inputs. There is a second + on the front connector; connect the long wires and see how fast the XBot moves and turns. To stop the motors, you switch off the motor control, and you can still see on the bicolor LEDs which direction the motor would take if powered – green forward, red backward.

You like electronics? No need for a processor, you may do a lot of funny tricks with just 2 LDRs, or a 555. Add your own protoboard on the top of the Xbot and test your ideas.



More features.

Motors have a gear ratio of 1:96. Current is 20 to 30mA per motor for normal moves. With the Didel wheels 32mm in dia, the max speed is ~50cm/s. It is impossible to guarantee a perfect straight line.

LiPo capacity is 250mAh, shorts and empty battery protected. LiPo is recharged in 3-5 hours. As for all LiPos, voltage at full charge is 4.1V, but drops quickly at 3.8, stays at 3.7V for a long time, and then drops and switch-off.

Control signals

Six lines control the motors and get the information from the wiskers.

The two power lines are on the left rear connector. These lines will receive the +5V from your board when connected to USB. If the LiPo battery is not fully loaded, this +5V will be used to charge it (about 50mA during the charge, a LED indicates it is charging).

If the robot is autonomous, the 3.7V of the LiPo battery will be sent to your board.



Connect your Arduino compatible board

Position the spacers according to your board. Screws below, the board holds already well on the nylon pins. Optionally use spacers as bolts.

The position of the connectors permits clean connections toward Arduino boards. We provide specially developped short wires.

Use red and black wires for power. Pay attention on correct wiring with the power lines, wrong connections may be destructive.



Arduino recommended wiring and definitions

#define	BackRight	7	void setup () {
#define	ForwRight	6	DDRD &= 0b11110011 ; // bits 3 2 in
#define	ForwLeft	5	DDRD = 0b11110000 ; // bits 74 out
#define	BackLeft	4	PORTD &= 0b00001111 ; // motors stopped
			}
#define	WiskRight	3	// idea for a simple obstacle avoidance
#define	WiskLeft	2	void loop () {
#define	ObstRight	!digitalRead(WiskRight)	move forward
#define	ObstLeft	!digitaLeftRead(WiskLeft)	if (ObstRight back, turn left
			else if (ObstLeft) back turn right
#define	Speaker 1	L	}

PWM is available on pins 5 et 6. Going backward is possible with a simple trick, see http://playground.boxtec.ch/doku.php/motor/bidirectional_motorcontrol_arduino?s[]=motor&s[]=control_or_http://www.didel.com/diduino/CommandeMoteurs.pdf (in French)

French version of this document (4 pages) under http://www.didel.com/xbot/XBotMicro.pdf